

Teacher Name	Thomas Dohoney	Unit Name	Introduction to Forensics
Course	Forensic Science	Dates	11/28 - 12/02/2022

Monday	Daily Objective:	
TEKS (7) The student recognizes the methods to process and analyze trace evidence commonly found in a crime scene. The student is expected to:	 (A) demonstrate how to process trace evidence such as glass, paint, fibers, hair, soil, grass, and blood collected in a simulated crime scene; 	
	 (B) compare and contrast the composition of various types of glass such as soda lime, borosilicate, leaded, and tempered; 	
	 (C) determine the direction of a projectile by examining glass fractures; 	
	(D) define refractive index and explain how it is used in forensic glass analysis;	
	Agenda with Approximate Time Limits:	
	Kahoot (10min) Lecture- Glass Part 1 (30min) Quizizz (10min)	
	Formative Assessment: Quiz	
	Modifications: Will be provided based on the needs of the individual	
	Intervention: Reading extensions	
	Extension: Tutorials	
	Follow-Up/Homework: Read content notes	
Tuesday	Daily Objective:	
TEKS (7) The student recognizes the methods to process and analyze trace evidence commonly found in a crime scene. The student is expected to:	 (A) demonstrate how to process trace evidence such as glass, paint, fibers, hair, soil, grass, and blood collected in a simulated crime scene; 	
	 (B) compare and contrast the composition of various types of glass such as soda lime, borosilicate, leaded, and tempered; 	
	 (C) determine the direction of a projectile by examining glass fractures; 	



	 (D) define refractive index and explain how it is used in forensic glass analysis; 		
	Agenda with Approximate Time Limits:		
	Video- Think-pair-share Activity (50min)		
	Formative Assessment: ThinkPairShare		
	Modifications: Will be provided based on the needs of the individual Intervention: Reading extensions		
	Extension: Tutorials		
Wednesday/Thursday	Follow-Up/Homework: Read content notes		
	Daily Objective:		
TEKS (7) The student recognizes the methods to process and analyze trace evidence commonly found in a crime scene. The student is expected to:	 (A) demonstrate how to process trace evidence such as glass, paint, fibers, hair, soil, grass, and blood collected in a simulated crime scene; 		
	 (B) compare and contrast the composition of various types of glass such as soda lime, borosilicate, leaded, and tempered; 		
	 (C) determine the direction of a projectile by examining glass fractures; 		
	 (D) define refractive index and explain how it is used in forensic glass analysis; 		
	Agenda with Approximate Time Limits: Glass Comparison Lab (90min) Formative Assessments: lab rubric Modifications: Will be provided based on the needs of the individual Intervention: Reading extensions		
	Extension: Tutorials		
	Follow-Up/Homework: Read content notes		



Friday	Daily Objective:	
TEKS (7) The student recognizes the methods to process and analyze trace evidence commonly found in a crime scene. The student is expected to:	 (A) demonstrate how to process trace evidence such as glass, paint, fibers, hair, soil, grass, and blood collected in a simulated crime scene; (B) compare and contrast the composition of various types of glass such as and simulated lime, bargailiseta, landed, and temperadu 	
	 such as soda lime, borosilicate, leaded, and tempered; (C) determine the direction of a projectile by examining glass fractures; 	
	 (D) define refractive index and explain how it is used in forensic glass analysis; 	
	Agenda with Approximate Time Limits:	
	Case Study: Th Silent Witness Formative Assessments: Rubric	
	Modifications: Will be provided based on the needs of the individual	
	Intervention: Reading extensions	
	Extension: Tutorials	
	Follow-Up/Homework: Read content notes	